Formulas for free:

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

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$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

1. Use the limit definition of the derivative to find f'(x) if $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 1$. [You use should the rules we learned to double check your answer.]

2. Given y, compute its derivative y'. Don't worry about simplifying your answers.

(a)
$$y = x^3 e^x + 2x^5 + 1234$$

(b)
$$y = \frac{\ln(x)}{3x - 6}$$

(c)
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$