## You may **skip ONE** of the following problems.

1. Bob's Plastic Pink Flamingo Shack sells 5,000 flamingos each year. Bob can purchase a pink flamingo for \$2. His supplier has a \$50 shipping fee. Also, Bob has figured out that it costs him \$0.75 to store a flamingo for a year (base inventory costs on average inventory with all of the standard assumptions). Let C(x) be Bob's annual cost function for his flamingos.

C(x) =

List **ALL** of the critical points of C(x) including "irrelevant" critical points (points outside the domain of reasonable x values). Round each to 3 decimal places.

Critical points: x =

Bob's ideal EOQ is x =\_\_\_\_ and minimum annual cost is C(x) =\$\_\_\_\_.

2. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 3x^2 + x & x < -1 \\ -x^2 + x + 3 & x \ge -1 \end{cases}$ 

Sketch the graph of y = f(x) where  $-2 \le x \le 2$ .

f(x) has \_\_\_\_\_ critical points. They are located at x = \_\_\_\_\_. [List all critical points. Round to 3 decimal places.]

Example of a piecewise function In Alpha: The absolute value function can be defined piecewise as

piecewise[ $\{x, x \ge 0\}, \{-x, x < 0\}\}$ ]

3. Wendy typically sells 50 frosties when she charges \$1.50 per frostie. On the other hand, if Wendy charges \$2, she typically sells only 12 frosties.

Given this data, Elasticity E = .

If Wendy's point elasticity is " $\varepsilon = 2.25$ " and she lowers her price 5%, what should Wendy expect to happen to her revenue? [Circle the correct answer.]

Revenue Increases / Revenue Decreases

Wendy should see her quantity sold Increase / Decrease by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_%.