Name:

#1 Find the volume inside the ellipsoid: $\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-y_0)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(z-z_0)^2}{c^2} = 1$ where a,b,c>0 and (x_0,y_0,z_0) is the center of the ellipsoid. Use the change of coordinates:

$$x = a\rho\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi) + x_0, \quad y = b\rho\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi) + y_0, \quad z = c\rho\cos(\phi) + z_0.$$

[This is a slightly modified version of spherical coordinates.]

You'll need to I) Compute the Jacobian $J=\frac{\partial(x,y,z)}{\partial(\rho,\theta,\phi)}$, II) Figure out what the ellipsoid's equation becomes in these new coordinates (the answer is very very simple), and III) Compute $\iiint_E 1 \, dV$ using I and II.

- #2 Find the centroid of the quarter annulus R: $1 \le x^2 + y^2 \le 4$ in the first quadrant (i.e., $x, y \ge 0$).
- #3 Consider the region E bounded by z=1 and $z=10-x^2-y^2$. Find the centroid.