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#1 Totally Disconnected: We say a topological space is *totally disconnected* if the only connected subspaces are singleton subsets and the empty set.

(a) Carefully explain why each of the following is totally disconnected:

(i) Any space with the discrete topology (ii) \mathbb{R}_ℓ (reals with the lower limit topology) (iii) \mathbb{Q}

(b) Let X be given the finite complement topology.

Explain why X is totally disconnected when finite but connected when infinite.

#2 Connecting with Quotients: Let $p : X \rightarrow Y$ be a quotient map.

Show X is connected implies Y is connected.

Note: The converse is false. Consider $X = (0, 1] \dot{\cup} [2, 3)$. Glue the two intervals together so $1 \sim 2$ to get Y . Then $Y = X/\sim$ is homeomorphic to an open interval. Thus the projection map $\pi : X \rightarrow Y$ in this case sends a disconnected space to a connected one.

#3 Following the Right Path: Let X and Y be topological spaces.

(a) Suppose X and Y are path connected. Show $X \times Y$ is path connected.

Note: This result is true for arbitrary products.

(b) Let X be path connected and $f : X \rightarrow Y$ continuous. Show $f(X)$ is path connected.

(c) Let X_j (for $j \in J$) be path connected spaces such that $\bigcap_{j \in J} X_j \neq \emptyset$. Show $\bigcup_{j \in J} X_j$ is path connected.

(d) **[Grad.]** We had a theorem saying if $A \subseteq B \subseteq \bar{A}$ and A is connected, then B is connected. Is this result true if “connected” is replaced by “path connected”?

#4 Open About Being Connected: **[Grad.]** Let U be an open and connected subset of \mathbb{R}^2 .

Show U is path connected.

Suggestion: Consider $u_0 \in U$ and the set $V = \{u \in U \mid u_0 \text{ and } u \text{ are connected by a path in } U\}$.

Show V is clopen.