



**2. (\_\_\_\_/16 points)** (a) Show  $H = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } a, b \neq 0 \right\}$  is a subgroup of  $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{R})$

(Recall  $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{R})$  — the set of  $2 \times 2$  invertible matrices — is a group under matrix multiplication).

(b) Quickly (in a few words) why are the even integers a subgroup of the integers?

3. (\_\_\_\_/20 points) Workin' mod 5.

(a) Fill out the following tables (don't worry about brackets for equivalence classes.)

$(\mathbb{Z}_5, +)$	0	1	2	3	4
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					

$\mathbb{Z}_5$  Addition Table

$(\mathbb{Z}_5, \times)$	0	1	2	3	4
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					

$\mathbb{Z}_5$  Multiplication Table

(b) Compute  $2^{-1}(4 + 3) - 2 \pmod{5}$ .

(c) Find  $\langle 3 \rangle$  (the subgroup generated by 3) in  $U(5)$  (NOT  $\mathbb{Z}_5$ !!!).

(d) Find the orders of elements of  $U(5)$ . Is  $U(5)$  cyclic? Why or why not?

element =	
order =	

4. (\_\_\_\_/16 points) Quick proofs

- (a) Let  $G$  be a group and suppose that  $x = x^{-1}$  for all  $x \in G$ . Prove that  $G$  is Abelian.  
Hint:  $xy = (xy)^{-1} = ??$

- (b) Let  $n$  be an integer such that  $n \geq 3$ . Consider  $(12), (13) \in S_n$ . Compute  $(12)(13)$  and  $(13)(12)$ .  
Is  $S_n$  cyclic? Why or why not?

5. (\_\_\_\_/16 points)  $G = \{1, a, a^2, b, ab, a^2b\}$  is a group.

Finish filling out  $G$ 's Cayley table then answer some questions.

$G$	1	$a$	$a^2$	$b$	$ab$	$a^2b$
1	1	$a$	$a^2$	$b$	$ab$	$a^2b$
$a$	$a$			$ab$	$a^2b$	$b$
$a^2$	$a^2$	1			$b$	$ab$
$b$	$b$	$a^2b$	$ab$	1	$a^2$	
$ab$	$ab$	$b$	$a^2b$			
$a^2b$	$a^2b$	$ab$		$a^2$		1

(a) What is the order of  $a^2$ ? Determine  $\langle a^2 \rangle$  (the subgroup generated by  $a^2$ ).

(b) Is  $G$  Abelian? Is  $G$  cyclic? Why or why not?

**6. (\_\_\_\_/16 points) Permutations!**

(a) Write  $\sigma = (125)(35)(24)(264)$  as a product of disjoint cycles.

(b) What is the order of  $\sigma$ ?

(c) Write  $\sigma$  as a product of transpositions. Is  $\sigma$  even or odd?

(d) Let  $\tau = (1452)(367)(89)$ . What is the order of  $\tau$ ?

(e) Write  $\tau^{26}$  as the product of disjoint cycles.

(f) What is the order of  $\tau^6$ ?  
[Hint: You shouldn't need to compute any powers of  $\tau$  to answer this question.]