

Name: _____

Be sure to show your work!

1. (20 points) Random Group Stuff — Fill out the following table:

$G =$	What is the identity of G ?	Is G abelian?	Is G cyclic?	What is the order of ...?	Does G have an element of order 5?
\mathbb{Z}_{99}				$ 15 =$	
$U(10)$				$ 3 =$	
D_{20}				$ x^6 =$	
S_9				$ (123)(4567)(89) =$	

Recall: $D_{20} = \{1, x, \dots, x^{19}, y, xy, \dots, x^{19}y\}$ where $x^{20} = 1$, $y^2 = 1$, and $xyxy = 1$.

Scratch Work:

2. (24 points) Cyclic Stuff

(a) Let G be a finite group and $g \in G$. Suppose that $|g| = 66$.

i. What is the order of g^{55} ? List the distinct elements in $\langle g^{55} \rangle$.

$$\langle g^{55} \rangle = \left\{ \qquad \qquad \qquad \right\}$$

ii. Is $g^{22} \in \langle g^{22} \rangle$? **Yes** / **No**

(b) How many elements of order 6 does \mathbb{Z}_{120} have? What are they?

(c) List the orders of elements in \mathbb{Z}_{55} . Then determine the number of elements of each order.

Order =							
Number of elements =							

(d) List the orders of elements in D_{55} . Then determine the number of elements of each order.

Order =							
Number of elements =							

3. (22 points) Permutations

- (a) Let $G = \langle i \rangle = \{1, i, -1, -i\}$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$. [G is a subgroup of $\mathbb{C}_{\neq 0}$ (nonzero complex numbers).]
Label 1 as 1, i as 2, -1 as 3, and $-i$ as 4. Cayley's theorem says that G is isomorphic to a subgroup of S_4 . Find this subgroup [using left multiplication maps and the labels provided].

$$G \cong \left\{ \right. \left. \right\}$$

- (b) Write $\sigma = (237)(1724)(27563)$ as a product of disjoint cycles.

$$\sigma^{-1} =$$

The order of σ is $|\sigma| =$ _____.

Write σ as a product of transpositions. σ is **Even** / **Odd**

Compute σ^{30} .

4. (18 points) Explain why the following pairs of groups are not isomorphic.

(a) $\mathbb{Q} \not\cong \mathbb{Z}_{123}$ [\mathbb{Q} is the rational numbers.]

(b) $Q \not\cong \text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_8)$ [$Q = \{\pm 1, \pm i, \pm j, \pm k\}$ is the group of quaternions.]

(c) $A_4 \not\cong D_6$

5. (16 points) A few proofs

(a) Explain why $A_3 \cong \mathbb{Z}_3$ but $A_n \not\cong \mathbb{Z}_n$ for $n > 3$.

(b) Pick **ONE** of the following...

- I. Let G be an abelian group. Show that $\varphi : G \rightarrow G$ defined by $\varphi(x) = x^{-1}$ is an automorphism of G .
- II. Let φ, ψ be automorphisms of G . Prove that $H = \{x \in G \mid \varphi(x) = \psi(x)\}$ is a subgroup of G .